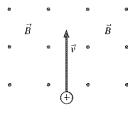
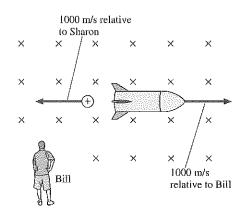
34.1 E or B? It Depends on Your Perspective

- 1. In frame A, a positive charge moves through the magnetic field shown.
 - a. Draw a vector on the charge to show the magnetic force in A.
 - b. What are the velocity $v_{\rm BA}$ and direction of a reference frame B in which there is no magnetic force? Explain.

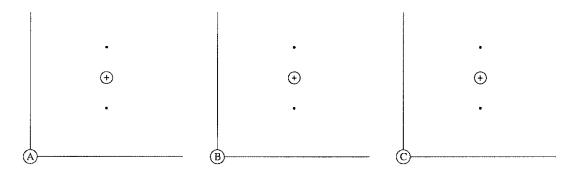


- c. What are the type and direction of any fields in B that could cause the observed force on the charge?
- Sharon drives her rocket through a magnetic field, traveling to the right at a speed of 1000 m/s as measured by Bill. As she passes Bill, she shoots a positive charge backward at a speed of 1000 m/s relative to her.
 - a. According to Bill, what kind of force or forces act on the charge? In which directions? Explain.



b. According to Sharon, what kind of force or forces act on the charge? In which directions? Draw the forces on the charge.

- 3. In frame A, a positive charge Q moves to the right with velocity $v_{\rm OA}$. Frame B travels to the right at $v_{\rm BA} = v_{\rm OA}$ relative to A. Frame C travels to the right at $v_{\rm CA} = 2v_{\rm OA}$ relative to A. The figure below shows the charge three times, once in each reference frame.
 - a. For each:
 - Draw and label a velocity vector on the charge showing its motion in that frame.
 - Draw and label the electric and magnetic field vectors <u>due to the charge</u> at the points marked with small dots above and below the charge. Use the notation of circled × and to show fields into or out of the page.



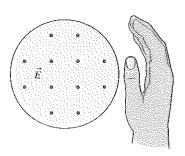
b. Does it make sense to talk about "the" magnetic field? Why or why not?

34.2 The Field Laws Thus Far

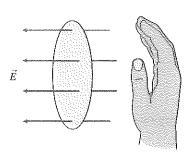
34.3 The Displacement Current

4. If you curl the fingers of your right hand as shown, is the electric flux positive or negative?

a.



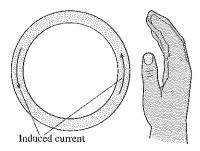
ь.



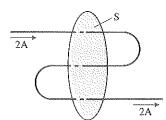
Sign of $\Phi_{\rm e}$

Sign of $\Phi_{
m e}$

5. If you curl the fingers of your right hand as shown, is the emf positive or negative?



6. What is the current through surface S?



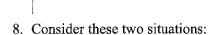
7. The capacitor in this circuit was initially charged, then the switch was closed. At this instant of time, the potential difference across the resistor is $\Delta V_{\rm R} = 4 {\rm ~V.}$



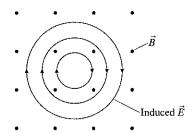
a. At this instant of time, what is the current through the resistor?

b. At this instant of time, what is the current through the space between the capacitor plates?

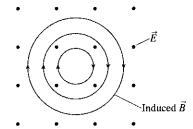
- c. At this instant of time, what is the displacement current through the space between the capacitor plates?
- d. Is the displacement current really a current? If so, what are the moving charges? If not, what is the displacement current?



a.



b.



Is the magnetic field strength increasing, decreasing, or not changing? Explain.

Is the electric field strength increasing, decreasing, or not changing? Explain.

- 9. Consider these two situations:
 - a. Draw the induced electric field.

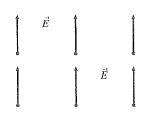
b. Draw the induced magnetic field.

34.4 Maxwell's Equations

34.5 Electromagnetic Waves

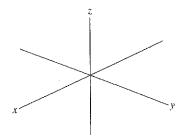
34.6 Properties of Electromagnetic Waves

10. This is an electromagnetic plane wave traveling into the page. Draw the magnetic field vectors \vec{B} at the dots.



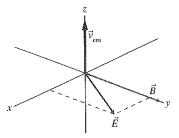
- 11. This is an electromagnetic wave at one instant of time.
 - a. Draw the velocity vector $\vec{v}_{\rm em}$.
 - \vec{B} \vec{E}

b. Draw \vec{E} , \vec{B} , and $\vec{v}_{\rm em}$ a half cycle later.

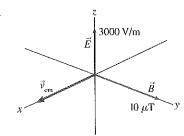


12. Do the following represent possible electromagnetic waves? If not, why not?

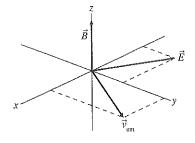
a.



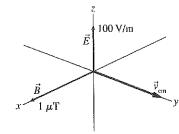
b.



c.



d.



- 13. The intensity of an electromagnetic wave is 10 W/m². What will be the intensity if:
 - a. The amplitude of the electric field is doubled?
 - b. The frequency is doubled?

34.7 Polarization

14. A polarized electromagnetic wave passes through a polarizing filter. Draw the electric field of the wave after it has passed through the filter.

a.

y
b.

F

Axis

15. A polarized electromagnetic wave passes through a series of polarizing filters. Draw the electric field of the wave after it has passed through each filter.

