

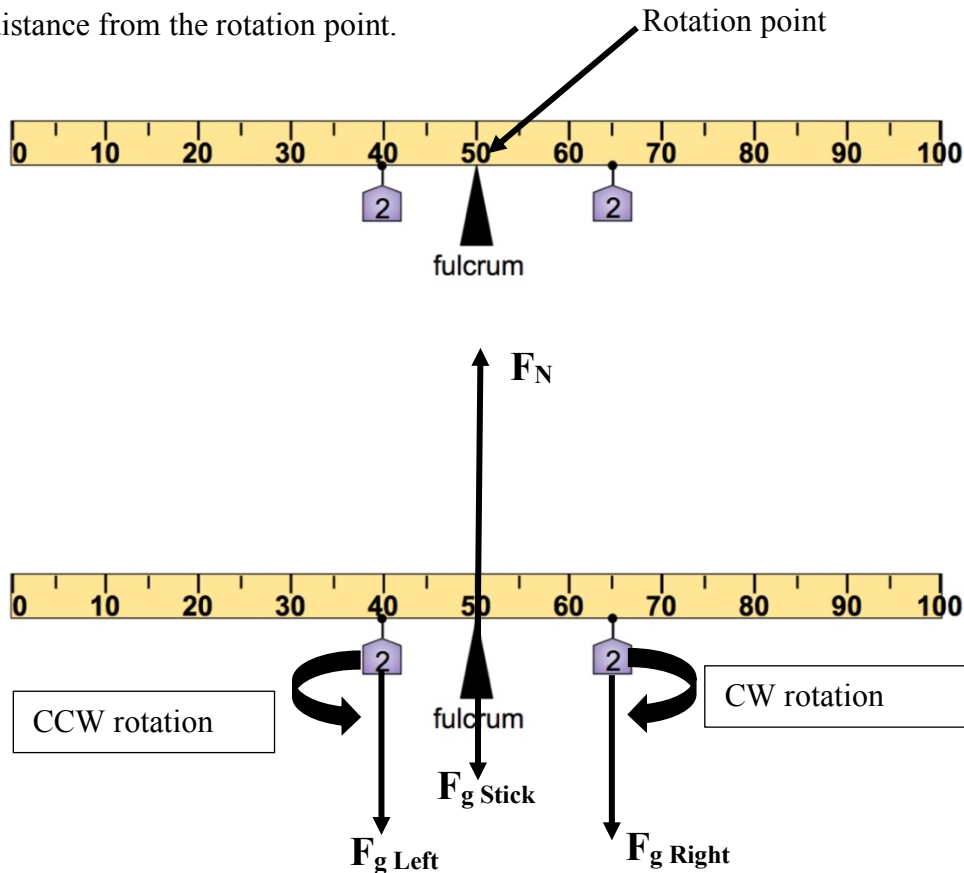
Net Torque – Static Equilibrium

$$\Sigma\tau = r_{\perp 1}F_1 + r_{\perp 2}F_2 + \dots$$

Draw a picture and place the forces at the spot the force acts. The force of gravity (weight $F_g = m \cdot g$) acts at the center of the uniform object. If an object is in balance then the Torques add up to $0 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ and it is called Static Equilibrium. AND this also means the Net force has to be 0 N .

If the force causes a COUNTERclockwise (CCW) rotation then it is Positive.
If the force causes a clockwise (CW) rotation then it is Negative.

Measure the distance from the rotation point.



$$\Sigma\tau = r_{\perp 1}F_1 + r_{\perp 2}F_2$$

$$\Sigma\tau = 0.1 \text{ m} * \left(2 \text{ kg} * 10 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} \right) - 0.15 \text{ m} * \left(2 \text{ kg} * 10 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} \right)$$

$$\Sigma\tau = 2.0 \text{ N} * \text{m} - 3.0 \text{ N} * \text{m}$$

$$\Sigma\tau = -1.0 \text{ N} * \text{m}$$